Sound, systematic corporate governance is particularly important for an international group such as Deutsche Telekom with its many subsidiaries and associates. The Company complies with national provisions such as the recommendations of the Government Commission on the German Corporate Governance Code, as well as with international standards. The Supervisory Board and the Board of Management are convinced that sound corporate governance, taking company and industry-specific issues into account, is an important building block for the future success of Deutsche Telekom AG. Accordingly, responsibility for compliance with the principles of sound corporate governance is vested in senior management.

In the 2016 financial year, the Board of Management and Supervisory Board once again carefully examined the corporate governance of Deutsche Telekom AG and the Deutsche Telekom Group as well as the contents of the German Corporate Governance Code. During the reporting period just ended, Deutsche Telekom AG again fulfilled all of the Code’s recommendations. The Supervisory Board and Board of Management of Deutsche Telekom AG therefore issued an unqualified Declaration of Conformity with the German Corporate Governance Code on December 30, 2016:

Declaration of Conformity pursuant to § 161 of the German Stock Corporation Act (Aktiengesetz – AktG)

I. The Board of Management and Supervisory Board of Deutsche Telekom AG hereby declare that, in the period since the issuance of the most recent declaration of conformity pursuant to § 161 AktG on December 30, 2015, Deutsche Telekom AG has complied with the recommendations of the Government Commission on the German Corporate Governance Code announced by the Federal Ministry of Justice and Consumer Protection on June 12, 2015, in the official section of the Federal Gazette (Bundesanzeiger), without exception.

II. The Board of Management and Supervisory Board of Deutsche Telekom AG hereby declare further that Deutsche Telekom AG complies with the recommendations of the Government Commission on the German Corporate Governance Code, published by the Federal Ministry of Justice and Consumer Protection in the official section of the Federal Gazette (Bundesanzeiger) on June 12, 2015, without exception.

The Declaration of Conformity can be found on the website of Deutsche Telekom AG. This website also provides access to the superseded declarations of conformity from previous years.

Corporate governance practices beyond statutory requirements

Compliance. Compliance involves the observance of legal requirements and internal Group rules. Deutsche Telekom has a Group-wide compliance organization that is continuously being improved (also published in the 2015 Corporate Responsibility Report). There is also a Compliance Committee that supports the Board of Management in further developing the framework for an effective compliance management system. The members of the Compliance Committee are experienced managers in the areas of compliance, legal affairs, security, internal auditing, and human resources. The Chief Compliance Officer, appointed by the Board of Management, chairs the Compliance Committee. A compliance officer has been appointed for each of the operating segments. Individual business units have additional compliance officers/contacts depending on their respective size and risk situation. Clear reporting structures have been implemented throughout the Group. The particular significance attached to compliance is underlined by the decision to pool all compliance activities in the Board of Management department for Data Privacy, Legal Affairs and Compliance.

Deutsche Telekom AG has implemented a comprehensive compliance management system. According to this system, a compliance program is set up based on a structured risk assessment process performed once a year throughout the Group. The compliance management system also includes the Code of Conduct, the Code of Ethics, and various policies. The Code of Conduct defines how employees and management should practice value-based and legally compliant conduct in their daily business activities. The Code of Ethics addresses the members of the Board of Management of Deutsche Telekom AG and persons within the Group who carry special responsibility for financial reporting. It obliges employees to comply with the principles of honesty, integrity, transparency, and ethical conduct. The compliance management system in place at Deutsche Telekom AG and other selected national and international companies was certified as being appropriate and effectively implemented by an external auditor in stages from 2012 through 2014 in accordance with IDW audit standard 980 with the focus on anti-corruption. The Company aims to attain similar certification with the same focus again for 2016 and 2017.
Working methods of the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board as well as composition and working methods of committees

Cooperation between the Supervisory Board and the Board of Management. The Supervisory Board and the Board of Management work closely together for the good of the Company and maintain regular contact. In 2016 there were a total of six Supervisory Board meetings and an off-site conference on the strategic alignment of the Company. In addition, 23 Supervisory Board committee meetings were held. The Board of Management keeps the Supervisory Board fully and regularly informed in good time, in particular of all relevant business developments, plans, corporate strategy, the risk situation, risk management, compliance, as well as any deviations of the business development from original plans and of significant business transactions relating to the Company and major Group companies. The Board of Management regularly submits written and oral reports. Between meetings, the Board of Management also informs the Supervisory Board of the current business development of the Group and its different segments on a monthly basis. The Board of Management reports to the Supervisory Board on individual issues in writing or in discussions. The reporting obligations of the Board of Management have been specified by the Supervisory Board and go beyond statutory requirements. These obligations were most recently revised by a resolution of the General Committee on September 1, 2015. The activities of the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board, as well as the Audit Committee of the Supervisory Board, are specified in separate Rules of Procedure. Those that govern the Board of Management provide guidance on its schedule of responsibilities and the majorities required for resolutions, among other issues. The Chairs of the two Boards exchange information regularly.

Schedule of responsibilities and working methods of the Board of Management. The Board of Management normally meets on a weekly basis. As a rule, its resolutions are adopted by simple majority and within the scope of its meetings. In accordance with the Board of Management’s schedule of responsibilities, there were seven Board departments up to the end of 2016: the department of the Chairman of the Board of Management; Finance; Human Resources; Data Privacy, Legal Affairs and Compliance; T-Systems; Germany; and Europe and Technology. As of January 1, 2017, the Board departments increased to eight with the addition of the Technology and Innovation Board department. Europe and Technology continues to exist as the Europe Board department. The members of the Board of Management jointly bear responsibility for the management of the entire Company. They work together in a cooperative manner and continually inform one another of important measures and activities in their departments.

Irrespective of the joint responsibility of all members of the Board of Management, each individual member of the Board of Management is authorized to manage the spheres of responsibility allocated to him or her. Certain matters, particularly those where the law requires the involvement of the entire Board of Management, are subject to approval by the full Board of Management. Furthermore, every Board member can submit matters to the full Board of Management for decision.

As a rule, members of the Board of Management should not be older than 62 years of age (standard age limit).

To further the efficient performance of its duties, the Board of Management has established two permanent committees that include people who are not members of the Board of Management. These committees do not have the authority to take decisions that are by law matters to be dealt with by the Board of Management.

From January 2014 to October 2016, an Executive Committee existed, consisting of the members of the Board of Management and the following heads of Group units: Chief Technology Officer, Chief Product and Innovation Officer, Chief Information Officer, Head of Group Development and Head of the Corporate Operating Office. The Executive Committee supported the Board of Management with cross-segment management and the transformation of the Group. The Executive Committee normally met on a weekly basis and acted in an advisory capacity. In view of the new Board of Management structure, the Executive Committee was dissolved by a decision by the Board of Management dated October 11, 2016.

Working methods of the Supervisory Board. The Supervisory Board appoints the members of the Board of Management, advises the Board of Management on issues concerning the governance of the Company and supervises its activities. The Supervisory Board is directly involved in all decisions of strategic importance to the Company. The work of the Supervisory Board is specified in Rules of Procedure. To clarify the reporting requirements on the part of the Board of Management, the Supervisory Board has drawn up a list of transactions subject to approval. This list forms an integral part of the Rules of Procedure for the Supervisory Board and the Board of Management, respectively. The Supervisory Board is convinced that – in accordance with a recommendation of the German Corporate Governance Code – it has a sufficient number of independent members to provide impartial advice to and to monitor the Board of Management.

The Supervisory Board and Audit Committee each assess the efficiency of their work every two years, which provides new impetus for the work of the Supervisory Board on a regular basis. The self-assessment carried out to this end is based on a comprehensive questionnaire followed by intense discussion and consultation on the results by the Supervisory Board and Audit Committee. The Audit Committee’s last assessment was carried out in the 2016 financial year. The Supervisory Board carried out its last efficiency audit in the 2015 financial year.

The Chairman of the Supervisory Board coordinates the work of the Supervisory Board and presides over its meetings. In addition to the organizational tasks relating to the Supervisory Board, he maintains regular contact with the Chairman of the Board of Management and the members of the Board of Management to discuss issues relating to the Company’s strategy, its plans, the development of its business, the situation in terms of risks and risk management as well as compliance, and is informed of the general business situation and significant events. In this context, the Chairman of the Board of Management in particular advises the Chairman of the Supervisory Board of all events that are significant to the situation, development, and governance of the Company.

In order to perform its tasks more effectively, the Supervisory Board has set up committees that are tasked with preparing subjects and are authorized to take decisions on behalf of the full Supervisory Board insofar as the law allows.
Avoiding conflicts of interest. Board of Management members and Supervisory Board members are obliged to disclose immediately any conflicts of interest to the Supervisory Board. If members of the Board of Management assume functions that are not covered by their Board of Management mandate, this is subject to approval by the General Committee of the Supervisory Board.

Working methods and composition of the Board of Management and Supervisory Board committees. The Board of Management has set up two standing committees to perform its tasks efficiently:

Board of Management Assets Committee. This committee advises the Board of Management of Deutsche Telekom AG on matters concerning the economically and strategically optimum allocation of resources, on investment projects, and on measures with key economic significance.

Members:
- Member of the Board of Management, Finance (committee chair)
- Member of the Board of Management, Technology and Innovation
- Chief Technology Officer
- Chief Information Officer
- Senior Vice President, Group HR Planning & Operations
- Financial directors of the segments T-Systems International, Europe, Germany
- Senior Vice President, Group Controlling
- Senior Vice President, Group Strategy & Transformation
- Senior Vice President, Treasury
- Senior Vice President, Group Procurement

Mergers and Acquisitions (M&A) Committee. This committee takes decisions on the implementation of certain M&A transactions that are below defined value thresholds and monitors integration after the completion of transactions.

Members:
- Chairman of the Board of Management (committee chair)
- Member of the Board of Management, Finance
- Member of the Board of Management, Human Resources
- Senior Vice President, Group Development
- Senior Vice President, Group Strategy & Transformation

In order to perform its tasks more effectively, the Supervisory Board has eight standing committees. The General Committee deals with personnel matters relating to the Board of Management and prepares the meetings of the Supervisory Board. The Staff Committee deals with general personnel matters not relating to the Board of Management. The Finance Committee mainly deals with complex financial and business management topics within the Company. The Audit Committee performs the tasks required by law and in accordance with the German Corporate Governance Code. These include, in particular, monitoring the accounting process, the effectiveness of the internal control system, the risk management and internal auditing system, the audit of financial statements, compliance, and data privacy. The Technology and Innovation Committee supports and promotes innovation and technological developments at infrastructure and product level and supports the Board of Management with advice on how to tap new growth areas. Furthermore, the Supervisory Board has formed a Nomination Committee, which consists exclusively of shareholders’ representatives. The Nomination Committee is responsible in particular for proposing to the Supervisory Board suitable candidates for the latter to subsequently recommend to the shareholders’ meeting for election. Finally, there is a Mediation Committee, which was formed in accordance with § 27 (3) of the Codetermination Act (Mitbestimmungsgesetz - MitbestG). In addition, a Committee for U.S. Business was established in May 2014.

The committees’ chairpersons report to the Supervisory Board on a regular basis on the work of the committees. The Chairwoman of the Audit Committee, Dagmar P. Kollmann, has expert knowledge of accounting and auditing. She is also particularly knowledgeable and experienced in the application of accounting standards and internal control procedures. She is independent, and is not a former member of the Board of Management of Deutsche Telekom AG. Like the members of the full Supervisory Board, the members of the Audit Committee overall are very familiar with the sector in which Deutsche Telekom AG is active.

Corporate Governance Report. In addition to this Corporate Governance Statement, the Board of Management and the Supervisory Board also jointly report on corporate governance at Deutsche Telekom AG and the Group in a separate report in accordance with the recommendations of Section 3.10 of the German Corporate Governance Code.
Details on minimum percentages for Supervisory Board members in line with § 96 (2) sentences 1 and 2 AktG and targets for the proportion of women in line with § 76 (4) and § 111 (5) AktG

Minimum percentages for Supervisory Board members. The law stipulates that the Supervisory Board must consist of a minimum of 30 percent women and a minimum of 30 percent men. In the 2016 financial year, the members of the Supervisory Board were 35 percent women and 65 percent men. Following the shareholders’ meeting on May 25, this figure was 40 percent women and 60 percent men. The minimum percentages of 30 percent on the Supervisory Board were therefore both met in the 2016 financial year through joint compliance.

Targets for the proportion of women. The corporate bodies at Deutsche Telekom AG are also required by law to set targets for the number of women on the Board of Management and at the two management levels below Board level, and to set deadlines for the achievement of these targets, on a regular basis. A report is to be made each year on the achievement of the targets set after the expiry of each deadline for implementation of these.

For the current, second implementation period that began at the start of 2016, the Supervisory Board has set a target of around 29 percent of women (2/7) on the Board of Management, and the Board of Management has set a target of 30 percent of women in each case for the two management levels directly below Board level, by the end of 2020.

The targets for the first two management levels in the Company are to be based on a status quo for the proportion of women at the start of the implementation period that differs from the status quo reported up to now. This change can be attributed to the transition to automated data collection processes.

% (where not given as a fraction)

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<th>Second implementation period, Jan. 1, 2016 to Dec. 31, 2020</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Status quo at the start of the implementation period</td>
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<tr>
<td>Deutsche Telekom AG</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Board of Management</td>
<td>1/7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First-level management</td>
<td>29.2*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second-level management</td>
<td>22.7*</td>
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*Proportion of women different from status quo reported up to now in each case

The targets based on the law set out for the Group companies affected are published on Deutsche Telekom AG’s website.